Printed Pages - 7

Roll No.: the mercase per annum and this link the output in

> 576112(76) 676112(76)

M. B. A. (First Semester) Examination, Nov.-Dec. 2021

(New Scheme)

(Management Branch)

QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES in MANAGEMENT

Time Allowed : Three hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Minimum Pass Marks: 32

Note: Each unit constains three questions, attempt any

## Unit-I

1. (a) A firm produces 1000 units of its product in the first year and produced 14500 write in 10 years. Find

the increase per annum	and also	find the	output in
the fifteenth year.			

8

(b) Solve the following equations using matrix method:

$$x + y + z = 9$$

$$2x + 5y + 7z = 52$$

$$2x + y - z = 0$$

#### Or

(c) A co-operative society has 10 dozen books of physics, 8 dozen books of chemistry and 5 dozen books of mathematics. Selling price of each book is Rs. 8.30, Rs. 3.45 and Rs. 4.50 respectively. How much amongst will be received from selling all the books? Solve the problem by method of matrix.

## Unit-II

2. (a) An incomplete distribution is given below:

Variable Frequency
10-20 Hint 12

Legi addini na 20-30 do atum (30 ( espulsor mili A tur ) 4

built severy 130-40 rw (MEA) 2 southern how they

		1
40-50	n mid	<sup>7</sup> 65
50-60		?
60-70		25
70-80		18
		229

You are given that the median value is 46.

- (i) Using the median formula fill up the missing frequencies.
- (ii) Calculate the arithmetic mean of the completed table.
- (b) A poultry-keeper sells 18 dozen eggs of which 6 dozens are large grade eggs selling at Rs. 3.50 per dozen 4 dozens and medium grade at Rs. 3.25 per dozen and the rest are small. Find the selling price per dozen of the small eggs if the poultry-keeper receives an average price of 25 paise per egg on the whole consignment.
- (c) The following table gives goal scored by two teams
  A and B in a football season. Find the team which
  is more consistent in its performance:

No. of Goals Scored	No. of fo	ootball Matches		
in a match	Played			
	Team A	Team B		
0	27	17		
1 8	9	9		
2	8	6		
3	erit sett mult a	5		
4	4	3		

## Unit-III

- 3. (a) Define probability and explain the importance of the concept in decision making?
  - (b) In an intelligence test administered on 1000 students, the average was 42 and S.D. 24. Find:

8

- (i) The number of students exceeding a score 50. [Given z(0.333) = 0.1293]
- (ii) The number of students lying between 30 and 54. [Given z(0.5) = 0.1915]
- (c) In a factory manufacturing fountain pens, machine A, B and C manufacture 30%, 30% and 40% of

the total production of fountain pens, respectively of their output 4%, 5% and 10% of the fountain pens are defective. It one fountain pen is selected at random, and if it is found to be defective, what is the probability that it is manufactured by machine

# Unit-IV

business. Comment upon this statement und point

- 4. (a) What is meant by two-tailed and one tailed test of hypothesis. Illustrate your answer with example.
  - (b) An IQ test was administered to 5 persons before and after they were trained. The results are given below:

 Candidates
 I
 II
 III
 IV
 V

 IQ before training
 110
 120
 123
 132
 125

 IQ after training
 120
 118
 125
 136
 121

Test whether there is any change in IQ after the training program.  $\left[t_{0.01}(4) = 4.6\right]$ 

(c) Find out the coefficient of correlation between X and Y by the method of rank differences:

8

	[6]				
	X : 22 24 27 35 21 20 27 25 27 23				
	Y : 30 38 40 50 38 25 38 36 41 32	8			
	el lillo porposibile de Unit-V el III less mobrier				
5.	(a) 'Business Forecasting' is the eyes of modern				
	business. Comment upon this statement and point				
	out the limitations of business forecasting.	8			
	(b) Calculate index number for 1991 on the basis of the				
	prices 1995 from the following data:				
	Items Prices Prices (d)				
	1991 1995 and Turn Lam				
	A 30 48				
	Вун пр 60 63				
-	PSF Ciff Est (15 )18 greaterworklod C				
	121 Diej 221 861 09 gmale 1 1914 Ç				
	E an agricular 21 sen 42 salited with the F				
	Or				
	(c) Determine the trend line of the following data by	¥.			
	semi-average method;				
	Year Import (Rs. Crore)				
	1966 20				
or	576112(76)/676112(76)				

	[7]		
	[7]		
1967		-	24
1968			19
1969			18
1970			24
1971			25
1972			21
1973			23
1974			28
1975			22
1976			26